Component 3 contains sample completed checklists (one at the novice level and two at the intermediate level) and two sample completed Student Activity Performance Record forms which align with language samples in Component 2.

CLOCK Classroom Language Observation Checklist Kit

Component 3 - Chinese

SAMPLE COMPLETED CHECKLISTS AND STUDENT ACTIVITY PERFORMANCE RECORDS
CENTER FOR APPLIED LINGUISTICS
2015
**CLOCK Classroom Observation Checklist: Novice Sublevels**

**Student Name:** Mandy  
**Grade:** 5  
**Language:** Chinese  
**Topic:** Introduction  
**Activity:** Oral Report  
**Date:** 6/17/14

### Interpersonal or Presentational Speaking (circle one or both)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Level</th>
<th>Fluency</th>
<th>Language Control</th>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Comprehension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Novice High**   | □ Uses some sentences or questions learned in class.  
|                   | □ Answers some questions about things learned in class.  
|                   | □ Sometimes generates some sentences or questions of his/her own.  
|                   | □ Presents information using practiced phrases and simple sentences.  
|                   | □ Often uses words, phrases, sentences or questions learned in class correctly.  
|                   | □ Sometimes uses own generated sentences.  
|                   | □ Generated sentences or questions are occasionally correct.  
|                   | □ Uses familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class.  
|                   | □ Uses native language when he/she does not know the words to say more about something in Chinese.  
|                   | □ Presents information on familiar topics.  
|                   | □ Understands simple, familiar words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions.  
|                   | □ Speaks slowly.  
|                   | □ Repeats the question.  
|                   | □ Uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand.  

| **Novice Mid**     | □ Uses words he/she has heard a lot.  
|                   | □ Uses short phrases practiced a lot.  
|                   | □ Sometimes uses simple sentences practiced a lot.  
|                   | □ Answers some simple, questions practiced a lot.  
|                   | □ Presents information using variety of words, and memorized phrases and expressions.  
|                   | □ Uses words learned in class.  
|                   | □ Sometimes uses phrases or sentences learned in class correctly.  
|                   | □ Uses some familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class.  
|                   | □ Pauses and tries to find words in Chinese, but often uses words in his/her native language.  
|                   | □ Presents information about self and some very familiar topics.  
|                   | □ Understands a few simple, very familiar words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions.  
|                   | □ Speaks slowly.  
|                   | □ Repeats the question.  
|                   | □ Uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand.  

| **Novice Low**     | □ Uses a few words he/she practiced a lot.  
|                   | □ Occasionally use a few short phrases he/she practices a lot.  
|                   | □ Presents information using single words or memorized phrases.  
|                   | □ Sometimes uses words that he/she knows well.  
|                   | □ Sometimes uses a few phrases he/she knows well.  
|                   | □ Uses a few words that he/she practices a lot.  
|                   | □ Knows a few phrases that he/she practices a lot.  
|                   | □ Use native language a lot.  
|                   | □ Presents limited information about self and a few very familiar topics.  
|                   | □ Understands a few words/phrases that he/she practices a lot.  
|                   | □ Speaks slowly.  
|                   | □ Repeats the question.  
|                   | □ Uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand.  

*New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.  
**This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers, and CLOCK project advisors.*
Mandy did a great job presenting herself and Panda! She also shared information about her likes and dislikes.

### COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND LESSON-SPECIFIC CAN-DO STATEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Novice Level Communication Strategies (check all that apply)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ Repeats words, phrases, or sentences.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Uses gestures or facial expressions to help others understand.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Sometimes uses English.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Asks teacher or classmate to repeat what they said.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Lets teacher know when he/she does not understand.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For presentational:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Slows down the pace of the presentation when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Repeats words, phrases, or sentences when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Other: Uses memorized sentence patterns.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**
Mandy smiled when she talked about her likes and frowned when she talked about her dislikes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lesson-Specific Can-Do Statements</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>What can he/she talk about in Chinese?</td>
<td>What can he/she understand in Chinese?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpersonal speaking here]</td>
<td>[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpretive listening here]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

--Can introduce self.
--Can introduce others.
--Can share information about likes and dislikes.

**Comments:**
Mandy was very comfortable presenting in front of her classmates. Great job!

**Comments:**
### CLOCK Classroom Observation Checklist: Intermediate Sublevels**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Name: Amy</th>
<th>Grade: 5</th>
<th>Language: Chinese</th>
<th>Topic: New Rules</th>
<th>Activity: Debate</th>
<th>Date: 2/27/2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### Interpersonal or Presentational Speaking (circle one or both)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Level</th>
<th>Fluency/Text type</th>
<th>Language Control</th>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Interpretive Listening</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intermediate High</strong></td>
<td>Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions.</td>
<td>Uses new words he/she has just learned easily.</td>
<td>Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Often generates sentences or own questions.</td>
<td>Often generates sentences and/or questions.</td>
<td>Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese.</td>
<td>Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Describes something or tells a simple story using strings of sentences.</td>
<td>Describes something using strings of sentences.</td>
<td>Rarely uses words from native language. None</td>
<td>When he/she is learning something new*, usually can figure out the main idea and some important details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Has conversations easily and is able to keep the conversation going.</td>
<td>Has conversations about things he/she knows and is sometimes able to keep the conversation going.</td>
<td>Makes presentations on personal, school, community or researched topics.</td>
<td>Usually understands sentences, questions, and groups of sentences about things learned in class.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Handles social interactions in everyday situations that sometimes have an unexpected complication.</td>
<td>Presents information using connected sentences.</td>
<td>Presents information on a wide range of familiar topics.</td>
<td>When he/she is learning something new*, is sometimes able to figure out the main idea and some important details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Makes presentations using organized strings of sentences.</td>
<td>Presents information using connected sentences.</td>
<td>Uses new* words easily.</td>
<td><strong>Understands simple words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions learned in class.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Language Control

- Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions.
- Often generates sentences and/or questions.
- Describes something using strings of sentences.
- Has conversations about things he/she knows and is sometimes able to keep the conversation going.
- Presents information using connected sentences.

#### Vocabulary

- Uses new words he/she has just learned easily.
- Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese.
- Rarely uses words from native language. None
- Makes presentations on personal, school, community or researched topics.
- Sometimes uses new* words easily.
- Tries to figure out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese, but sometimes has to use native language.
- Sometimes uses words from native language when he/she doesn’t know the words in Chinese.
- Presents information on a wide range of familiar topics.
- Uses familiar words easily.
- Uses some new words.
- Uses words in his/her native language when he/she does not know the words in Chinese.
- Presents information on familiar topics.

#### Interpretive Listening

- Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class.
- Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.
- When he/she is learning about something new*, usually can figure out the main idea and some important details.
- Understands simple words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions learned in class.
- Understands new* sentences and questions and new directions easily if teacher speaks slowly, repeats the sentence, question, or uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand.

---

*New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

**This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2012), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers and CLOCK project advisors.
**COMMENTS:**

Amy was able to state her opinion and give some reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.

### COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND LESSON-SPECIFIC CAN-DO STATEMENTS

**Student Name:** Amy  
**Grade:** 5  
**Language:** Chinese  
**Topic:** New Rules  
**Activity:** Debate  
**Date:** 2/27/2015

#### Intermediate Level Communication Strategies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>StrATEGY</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Knows when he/she makes mistakes and can sometimes self-correct.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ When he/she cannot say what he/she wants because it is complicated, tries to say it in a simple way.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ When he/she doesn’t know a word, uses the words he/she DOES know to explain what he/she is trying to say.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Asks for clarification when he/she does not understand the questions and/or directions and/or explanations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Provides clarification when others do not understand his/her questions and/or directions and/or explanations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Sometimes use pictures, gestures, or facial expressions to help others understand.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For presentational:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Slows down the pace of the presentation when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Rewords or rephrases when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Other:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Lesson-Specific Can-Do Statements

**What can he/she talk about in Chinese?**  
[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpersonal speaking here]

--Can support and defend my opinion on different rules or issues.  
**Yes**

--Can use more formal language.  
**Not yet**

**What can he/she understand in Chinese?**  
[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos that target interpretive listening here]

**Comments:**

*New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.*  
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**CLOCK Classroom Observation Checklist: Intermediate Sublevels**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Name: Belinda</th>
<th>Grade: 5</th>
<th>Language: Chinese</th>
<th>Topic: New Rules</th>
<th>Activity: Debate</th>
<th>Date: 2/27/2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Interpersonal or Presentational Speaking (circle one or both)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Level</th>
<th>Fluency/Text type</th>
<th>Language Control</th>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Interpretive Listening</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intermediate High</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily.</td>
<td>□ Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions.</td>
<td>□ Uses new words he/she has just learned easily.</td>
<td>□ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Often generates sentences or own questions.</td>
<td>□ Mostly accurate when: generates sentences and/or questions.</td>
<td>□ Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese.</td>
<td>□ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Describes something or tells a simple story using strings of sentences.</td>
<td>□ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together.</td>
<td>□ Rarely uses words from native language.</td>
<td>□ When he/she is learning about something new*, is sometimes able to figure out the main idea and some important details.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Has conversations easily and is able to keep the conversation going.</td>
<td>□ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of learned sentences together.</td>
<td>□ Uses new* words easily.</td>
<td>□ Usually understands sentences, questions, and groups of sentences about things learned in class.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Handles social interactions in everyday situations that sometimes have an unexpected complication.</td>
<td>□ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together.</td>
<td>□ Tries to figure out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese, but sometimes has to use native language.</td>
<td>□ When he/she is learning about something new*, is sometimes able to figure out the main idea and some important details.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Makes presentations using organized strings of sentences.</td>
<td>□ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together.</td>
<td>□ Sometimes uses words from native language when he/she doesn't know the words in Chinese.</td>
<td>□ Understands simple words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions learned in class.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Intermediate Mid**

| □ Uses sentences and questions learned in class easily. | □ Mostly accurate when using learned sentences and questions. | □ Uses familiar words easily. | □ Understands new* sentences and questions and new directions easily if teacher speaks slowly, repeats the sentence, question, or uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand. |
| □ Generates some sentences or questions of his/her own. | □ Often accurate when: generates sentences and/or questions. | □ Uses some new words. | | |
| □ Describes something using strings of sentences. | □ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together. | □ Uses words in his/her native language. | | |
| □ Has conversations about things he/she knows and is sometimes able to keep the conversation going. | □ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of learned sentences together. | □ Presents information on familiar topics. | | |
| □ Presents information using connected sentences. | □ Mostly accurate when: puts strings of learned sentences together. | □ Presents information on familiar topics. | | |

**Intermediate Low**

| □ Asks and answers questions about things learned in class. | □ Usually uses learned sentences/questions well. | □ Uses familiar words easily. | □ Understands new* sentences and questions and new directions easily if teacher speaks slowly, repeats the sentence, question, or uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand. |
| □ Uses sentences and questions learned in class. | □ Sometimes uses learned sentences and questions accurately. | □ Uses some new words. | | |
| □ Occasionally generates some sentences or questions on own. | □ Occasionally uses accurate language in generated sentences or questions. | □ Uses words in his/her native language when he/she does not know the words in Chinese. | | |
| □ Has simple, short conversations about things he/she knows. | □ Presents information using simple sentences. | □ Presents information on familiar topics. | | |
| □ Presents information using simple sentences. | | | | |

*New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

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**COMMENTS:**
Belinda did a very good job stating her opinion and giving reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.

### COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND LESSON-SPECIFIC CAN-DO STATEMENTS

**Student Name:** Belinda  
**Grade:** 5  
**Language:** Chinese  
**Topic:** New Rules  
**Activity:** Debate  
**Date:** 2/27/2015

#### Intermediate Level Communication Strategies (check all that apply)

- [ ] Knows when he/she makes mistakes and can sometimes self-correct.
- [x] When he/she cannot say what he/she wants because it is complicated, tries to say it in a simple way.
- [ ] When he/she doesn’t know a word, uses the words he/she DOES know to explain what he/she is trying to say.
- [ ] Asks for clarification when he/she does not understand the questions and/or directions and/or explanations.
- [ ] Provides clarification when others do not understand his/her questions and/or directions and/or explanations.
- [ ] Sometimes use pictures, gestures, or facial expressions to help others understand.
  
  **For presentational:**
  - [ ] Slows down the pace of the presentation when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.
  - [ ] Rewords or rephrases when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.
  - [ ] Other:

#### Lesson-Specific Can-Do Statements

**What can he/she talk about in Chinese?**

[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpersonal speaking here]

--- Can support and defend my opinion on different rules or issues. **Yes**
--- Can use more formal language when it is required. **Not yet**

**What can he/she understand in Chinese?**

[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos that target interpretive listening here]

**Comments:**
We will continue learning about defending opinions as well as the importance of using more formal language in certain situations.

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ACTIVITY PERFORMANCE RECORD FOR MULTIPLE STUDENTS

Use this table to record results on one date with multiple students. Directions: 1) write each student’s name; 2) indicate activity participated in; 3) describe their fluency, language control, vocabulary and listening comprehension; and 4) write comments about each student’s performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Name</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Fluency</th>
<th>Language Control</th>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Comprehension</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amy</td>
<td>Debate</td>
<td>☐ Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily. ☐ Often generates sentences or own questions. ☐ Describes something using strings of sentences.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate when uses: ☐ learned sentences or questions. ☐ own generated sentences or questions.</td>
<td>☐ Uses new words he/she has just learned easily. ☐ Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese.</td>
<td>☐ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class. ☐ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.</td>
<td>Amy was able to state her opinion and give some reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belinda</td>
<td>Debate</td>
<td>☐ Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily. ☐ Often generates sentences or own questions. ☐ Describes something or tells a simple story using strings of sentences. ☐ Has conversations easily and is able to keep the conversation going.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate when uses: ☐ learned sentences or questions. ☐ own generated sentences or questions.</td>
<td>☐ Uses new words he/she has just learned easily. ☐ Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in Chinese.</td>
<td>☐ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class. ☐ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.</td>
<td>Belinda did a very good job stating her opinion and giving reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**INDIVIDUAL STUDENT ACTIVITY PERFORMANCE RECORD**

Use this table to record results on multiple dates for one student. Directions: 1) write each student’s name; 2) indicate activity participated in; 3) describe their fluency, language control, vocabulary and listening comprehension; and 4) write comments about each student’s performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Fluency</th>
<th>Language Control</th>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Comprehension</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6/10/14</td>
<td>Paired Conversation</td>
<td>Sometimes uses simple sentences practiced a lot.</td>
<td>Sometimes uses own generated sentences.</td>
<td>Uses familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class.</td>
<td>Understands a few simple, very familiar words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions.</td>
<td>*We created this record just to illustrate how users can complete this form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>□ Sometimes uses simple sentences practiced a lot.</td>
<td>□ Sometimes uses phrases or sentences learned in class correctly.</td>
<td>□ Uses familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class.</td>
<td>□ Understands a few simple, very familiar words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions.</td>
<td>Mandy did a great job presenting herself and Panda! She also shared information about her likes and dislikes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6/17/14</td>
<td>Debate</td>
<td>Uses some sentences or questions learned in class.</td>
<td>Often uses words, phrases, sentences or questions learned in class correctly.</td>
<td>Uses familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class.</td>
<td>Presents information on familiar topics.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

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