Component 3 contains sample completed checklists (one at the novice level and two at the intermediate level) and two sample completed Student Activity Performance Record forms which align with language samples in Component 2.



Component 3

SAMPLE COMPLETED CHECKLISTS AND STUDENT ACTIVITY PERFORMANCE RECORDS

CENTER FOR APPLIED LINGUISTICS





Student Name: Mandy Grade: 5 Language: Chinese Topic: Introduction Activity: Oral Report Date: 6/17/14

Interpersonal or	Presentational Speaking (circle one or	both)		Interpretive Listening
Performance	Fluency	Language Control	Vocabulary	Comprehension
Level	How does his/her use of the target	How well does he/she	What kind of words does he/she	How well does he/she understand
Level	language flow?	use the target language?	know in the target language?	the target language?
	Uses some sentences or questions	Often uses words,	Uses familiar words related	☐ Understands simple, familiar
	learned in class.	phrases, sentences	to what he/she is learning in	words, phrases, sentences,
	☐ Answers some questions about	or questions learned	<mark>class.</mark>	questions, and directions.
	things learned in class.	in class correctly.	☐ Uses native language when	
	☐ Sometimes generates some	☐ Sometimes uses	he/she does not know the	Understands some new sentences
Novice High	sentences or questions of his/her	own generated	words to say more about	and questions and follows some
	own.	sentences.	something in the target	new* directions when teacher:
	□ Presents information using	□ Generated	language.	□ speaks slowly.
	practiced phrases and simple	sentences or	Presents information on	□ repeats the question.
	<mark>sentences.</mark>	questions are	<mark>familiar topics.</mark>	☐ uses pictures or gestures to
		occasionally correct.		help him/her understand.
	☐ Uses words he/she has heard a lot.	☐ Uses words learned	Uses some familiar words	☐ Understands a few simple, very
	☐ Uses short phrases practiced a lot.	in class.	related to what he/she is	familiar words, phrases,
	☐ Sometimes uses simple sentences	☐ Sometimes uses	learning in class.	sentences, questions, and
	practiced a lot.	phrases or	Pauses and tries to find	directions.
Novice Mid	☐ Answers some simple, questions	sentences learned in	words in the target language,	
Novice iviid	practiced a lot.	class correctly.	but often uses words in	Usually understands when teacher:
	☐ Presents information using variety		his/her native language.	□ speaks slowly.
	of words, and memorized phrases		☐ Presents information about	\square repeats the question.
	and expressions.		self and some very familiar	□ uses pictures or gestures to
	·		topics.	help him/her understand.
	☐ Uses a few words he/she practiced	☐ Sometimes uses	☐ Uses a few words that he/she	☐ Understands a few
	a lot.	words that he/she	practices a lot.	words/phrases that he/she
	☐ Occasionally use a few short	knows well.	☐ Knows a few phrases that	practices a lot.
	phrases he/she practices a lot.	☐ Sometimes uses a	he/she practices a lot.	Sometimes understands when
Novice Low	☐ Presents information using single	few phrases he/she	☐ Use native language a lot.	teacher:
	words or memorized phrases.	knows well.	☐ Presents limited information	□ speaks slowly.
	·		about self and a few very	repeats the question.
			familiar topics.	uses pictures or gestures to
			·	help him/her understand.

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers, and CLOCK project advisors.



CLOCK Classroom Observation Checklist: Novice Sublevels**

COMMENTS:	Mandy did a great job presenting herself and Panda! She also shared information about her likes and dislikes.

COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND LESSON-SPECIFIC CAN-DO STATEMENTS

Student Name: Mandy Grade: 5 Language: Chinese Topic: 1	ntroduction Activity: Oral Report Date: 6/17/14
Novice Level Communication Strategies (check all that apply)	Comments
 Repeats words, phrases, or sentences. Uses gestures or facial expressions to help others understand. Sometimes uses English. Asks teacher or classmate to repeat what they said. Lets teacher know when he/she does not understand. For presentational: Slows down the pace of the presentation when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding. Repeats words, phrases, or sentences when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding. Other: Uses memorized sentence patterns. 	Mandy smiled when she talked about her likes and frowned when she talked about her dislikes.
Lesson-Specific Can-Do Statements	
What can he/she talk about in the target language? [Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpersonal speaking here] Can introduce selfCan introduce othersCan share information about likes and dislikes.	What can he/she understand in the target language? [Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpretive listening here]
Comments: Mandy was very comfortable presenting in front of her classmates. Great job!	Comments:

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers, and CLOCK project advisors.



Student Name: Amy Grade: 5 Language: English Topic: New Rules Activity: Debate Date: 2/27/2015

Interpersonal o	r Presentational Speaking (circle one or both)			Interpretive Listening	
Performance	Fluency/Text type	Language Control	Vocabulary	Comprehension	
Level	How does his/her use of the target language flow?	How well does he/she use the target language?	What kind of words does he/she know in the target language?	How well does he/she understand the target language?	
Intermediate High	 Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily. Often generates sentences or own questions. Describes something or tells a simple story using strings of sentences. Has conversations easily and is able to keep the conversation going. Handles social interactions in everyday situations that sometimes have an unexpected complication. Makes presentations using organized strings of sentences. 	Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions. own generated sentences or questions. Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together. puts strings of learned sentences together.	 Uses new words he/she has just learned easily. Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in the target language. Rarely uses words from native language. None Makes presentations on personal, school, community or researched topics. 	 ☐ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class. ☐ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences. ☐ When he/she is learning about something new*, usually can figure out the main idea and some important details. 	
Intermediate Mid	 Uses sentences and questions learned in class easily. Generates some sentences or questions of his/her own. Describes something using strings of sentences. Has conversations about things he/she knows and is sometimes able to keep the conversation going. Presents information using connected sentences. 	 □ Mostly accurate when using learned sentences and questions. □ Often accurate when: □ generates sentences and/or questions. □ puts strings of generated sentences together. □ puts strings of learned sentences together . 	□ Sometimes uses new* words easily. □ Tries to figure out a way to say what he/she wants to say in the target language, but sometimes has to use native language. □ Sometimes uses words from native language when he/she doesn't know the words in the target language. □ Presents information on a wide range of familiar topics.	 □ Usually understands sentences, questions, and groups of sentences about things learned in class. □ When he/she is learning about something new*, is sometimes able to figure out the main idea and some important details. 	
Intermediate Low	 Asks and answers questions about things learned in class. Uses sentences and questions learned in class. Occasionally generates some sentences or questions on own. Has simple, short conversations about things he/she knows. Presents information using simple sentences. 	 □ Usually uses learned sentences/questions well. □ Sometimes uses learned sentences and questions accurately. □ Occasionally uses accurate language in generated sentences or questions. 	 Uses familiar words easily. Uses some new words. Uses words in his/her native language when he/she does not know the words in the target language. Presents information on familiar topics. 	☐ Understands simple words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions learned in class. ☐ Understands new* sentences and questions and new directions easily if teacher speaks slowly, repeats the sentence, question, or uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand.	

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers and CLOCK project advisors.



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Amy was able to state her opinion and give some reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.

COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND LESSON-SPECIFIC CAN-DO STATEMENTS

Student Name: Amy Grade: 5 Language: English Topic: New Rules Activity: Debate Date: 2/27/2015

Intermediate Level Communication Strategies (check all that apply)	Comments
☐ Knows when he/she makes mistakes and can sometimes self-correct.	
☐ When he/she cannot say what he/she wants because it is complicated, tries to say it	
<mark>in a simple way.</mark>	
☐ When he/she doesn't know a word, uses the words he/she DOES know to explain	
what he/she is trying to say.	
Asks for clarification when he/she does not understand the questions and/or	
directions and/or explanations.	
☐ Provides clarification when others do not understand his/her questions and/or	
directions and/or explanations.	
☐ Sometimes use pictures, gestures, or facial expressions to help others understand.	
For presentational:	
☐ Slows down the pace of the presentation when sensing the audience is having	
difficulty understanding.	
☐ Rewords or rephrases when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.	
□ Other:	
Lesson-Specific Can-Do Statements	
What can he/she talk about in the target language?	What can he/she understand in the target language?
[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpersonal speaking here]	[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos that target interpretive listening here]
Can support and defend my aninion on different rules or issues.	
Can support and defend my opinion on different rules or issues. Yes Can use more formal language. Not yet	
Comments:	Comments:

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers and CLOCK project advisors.



Student Name: Belinda Grade: 5 Language: English Topic: New Rules Activity: Debate Date: 2/27/2015

Interpersonal o	Presentational Speaking (circle one or both)			Interpretive Listening
Performance	Fluency/Text type	Language Control Vocabulary		Comprehension
Level	How does his/her use of the target language flow?	How well does he/she use the target language?	What kind of words does he/she know in the target language?	How well does he/she understand the target language?
Intermediate High	 Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily. Often generates sentences or own questions. Describes something or tells a simple story using strings of sentences. Has conversations easily and is able to keep the conversation going. Handles social interactions in everyday situations that sometimes have an unexpected complication. Makes presentations using organized strings of sentences. 	Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions. own generated sentences or questions. Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together. puts strings of learned sentences together.	 Uses new words he/she has just learned easily. Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in the target language. Rarely uses words from native language. Makes presentations on personal, school, community or researched topics. 	 ☐ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class. ☐ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences. ☐ When he/she is learning about something new*, usually can figure out the main idea and some important details.
Intermediate Mid	 Uses sentences and questions learned in class easily. Generates some sentences or questions of his/her own. Describes something using strings of sentences. Has conversations about things he/she knows and is sometimes able to keep the conversation going. Presents information using connected sentences. 	 ☐ Mostly accurate when using learned sentences and questions. Often accurate when: ☐ generates sentences and/or questions. ☐ puts strings of generated sentences together. ☐ puts strings of learned sentences together . 	□ Sometimes uses new* words easily. □ Tries to figure out a way to say what he/she wants to say in the target language, but sometimes has to use native language. □ Sometimes uses words from native language when he/she doesn't know the words in the target language. □ Presents information on a wide range of familiar topics.	 □ Usually understands sentences, questions, and groups of sentences about things learned in class. □ When he/she is learning about something new*, is sometimes able to figure out the main idea and some important details.
Intermediate Low	 Asks and answers questions about things learned in class. Uses sentences and questions learned in class. Occasionally generates some sentences or questions on own. Has simple, short conversations about things he/she knows. Presents information using simple sentences. 	 □ Usually uses learned sentences/questions well. □ Sometimes uses learned sentences and questions accurately. □ Occasionally uses accurate language in generated sentences or questions. 	 Uses familiar words easily. Uses some new words. Uses words in his/her native language when he/she does not know the words in the target language. Presents information on familiar topics. 	☐ Understands simple words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions learned in class. ☐ Understands new* sentences and questions and new directions easily if teacher speaks slowly, repeats the sentence, question, or uses pictures or gestures to help him/her understand.

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers and CLOCK project advisors.

CO	MΝ	1FN	ITS

Belinda did a very good job stating her opinion and giving reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.

COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND LESSON-SPECIFIC CAN-DO STATEMENTS

Student Name: Belinda Grade: 5 Language: English Topic: New Rules Activity: Debate Date: 2/27/2015

Intermediate Level Communication Strategies (check all that apply)	Comments
☐ Knows when he/she makes mistakes and can sometimes self-correct.	
☐ When he/she cannot say what he/she wants because it is complicated, tries to say it	
in a simple way.	
☐ When he/she doesn't know a word, uses the words he/she DOES know to explain	
what he/she is trying to say.	
☐ Asks for clarification when he/she does not understand the questions and/or	
directions and/or explanations.	
☐ Provides clarification when others do not understand his/her questions and/or	
directions and/or explanations.	
□ Sometimes use pictures, gestures, or facial expressions to help others understand.	
For presentational:	
☐ Slows down the pace of the presentation when sensing the audience is having	
difficulty understanding.	
☐ Rewords or rephrases when sensing the audience is having difficulty understanding.	
□ Other:	
Lesson-Specific Can-Do Statements	
What can he/she talk about in the target language?	What can he/she understand in the target language?
[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos for interpersonal speaking here]	[Please paste in your lesson specific can-dos that target interpretive listening here]
Can support and defend my opinion on different rules or issues.	
Can support and defend my opinion on different rules or issues. Yes	
Can use more formal language when it is required. Not yet	
Comments: We will continue learning about defending opinions as well as the	Comments:
importance of using more formal language in certain situations.	

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers and CLOCK project advisors.

ACTIVITY PERFORMANCE RECORD FOR MULTIPLE STUDENTS

Use this table to record results on one date with multiple students. Directions: 1) write each student's name; 2) indicate activity participated in; 3) describe their fluency, language control, vocabulary and listening comprehension; and 4) write comments about each student's performance.

	CLOCK Student Activity Performance Record						
Student Name	Activity	Fluency	Language Control	Vocabulary	Comprehension	Comments	
Amy	Debate	 Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily. Often generates sentences or own questions. Describes something using strings of sentences. 	Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions. own generated sentences or questions.	□ Uses new words he/she has just learned easily. □ Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in the target language.	☐ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class. ☐ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.	Amy was able to state her opinion and give some reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.	
Belinda	Debate	 Uses sentences or questions learned in class very easily. Often generates sentences or own questions. Describes something or tells a simple story using strings of sentences. Has conversations easily and is able to keep the conversation going. 	Mostly accurate when uses: learned sentences or questions. own generated sentences or questions. Mostly accurate when: puts strings of generated sentences together.	□ Uses new words he/she has just learned easily. □ Often figures out a way to say what he/she wants to say in the target language.	□ Understands sentences, questions and strings of sentences about things he/she has been learning in class. □ Understands some new sentences, questions, and strings of sentences.	Belinda did a very good job stating her opinion and giving reasons to support her opinion. We will work more on formal language use for these types of situations.	

School/Program: _	Contemporary Chinese School	Language:Chinese	Student Name:Mandy
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INDIVIDUAL STUDENT ACTIVITY PERFORMANCE RECORD

Use this table to record results on multiple dates for one student. Directions: 1) write each student's name; 2) indicate activity participated in; 3) describe their fluency, language control, vocabulary and listening comprehension; and 4) write comments about each student's performance.

	CLOCK Student Activity Performance Record						
Date	Activity	Fluency	Language Control	Vocabulary	Comprehension	Comments	
6/10/14	Paired Convers ation	 Sometimes uses simple sentences practiced a lot. Answers some simple, questions practiced a lot. 	□ Sometimes uses own generated sentences. □ Sometimes uses phrases or sentences learned in class correctly.	□ Uses familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class.	☐ Understands a few simple, very familiar words, phrases, sentences, questions, and directions.	*We created this record just to illustrate how users can complete this form.	
6/17/14	Debate	 Uses some sentences or questions learned in class. Presents information using practiced phrases and simple sentences. 	Often uses words, phrases, sentences or questions learned in class correctly.	 Uses familiar words related to what he/she is learning in class. Presents information on familiar topics. 	N/A	Mandy did a great job presenting herself and Panda! She also shared information about her likes and dislikes.	

^{*}New refers to material that the student has not learned previously.

^{**}This checklist is based on the ACTFL Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012), ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines (2012), NCCSFL-ACTFL Can-Dos (2013), COPE/SOPA Rating Scale (2010), and input from STARTALK program administrators, teachers and CLOCK project advisors.