How do teachers plan learning experiences to prepare for student learning?

PL<sub>1</sub>

#### The teacher plans to implement standards-based units of learning.

- a. The teacher uses units that are appropriate for the age and proficiency level of the students.
- b. The teacher uses units that have clearly identified performance objectives in the three communicative modes.
- c. The teacher determines the vocabulary and structures needed to meet the performance objectives of the unit.
- d. The teacher uses units that provide opportunities for students to investigate cultural products, practices, and perspectives in order to interact appropriately with others.
- e. The teacher uses units that allow students to build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines.
- f. The teacher uses units that allow students to use previously acquired language and content in new contexts.
- q. The teacher uses units that allow students to identify their own learning targets within the context of the unit.

# The teacher plans assessments that align with the proficiency targets of the course and performance objectives of the unit.

- a. The teacher designs assessment tasks in the modes of communication.
- b. The teacher designs assessment tasks that allow students to perform within the range of their proficiency targets.
- c. The teacher provides students choice in how they meet the performance objectives.

PL<sub>3</sub>

### The teacher plans lessons that address the unique needs and interests of the students.

- a. The teacher plans lessons that accommodate the needs of identified exceptional learners.
- b. The teacher plans lessons that attend to the needs of struggling or accelerated learners not officially identified.
- c. The teacher plans lessons that attend to the needs of heritage/native speakers.
- d. The teacher plans lessons that include learning experiences that are interesting and relevant to students.
- e. The teacher plans lessons that include learning experiences within students' range of abilities.

# The teacher plans lessons that allow students to acquire the knowledge and skills needed to meet the performance objectives.

- a. The teacher sets daily learning targets that unpack the performance objectives of the unit.
- b. The teacher plans opportunities to assess students' ability to demonstrate the daily learning targets.
- c. The teacher plans activities that enable students to meet the daily learning targets.

PL<sub>5</sub>

# The teacher plans how to set the stage for learning to capture students' energy and commitment.

- a. The teacher plans how to capture students' attention at the beginning of a lesson.
- b. The teacher plans how to introduce the daily learning targets and the sequence of activities.
- c. The teacher plans how to reference the learning targets at key transition points in a lesson.
- d. The teacher plans how to help students reflect on their attainment of the learning targets.

PL<sub>6</sub>

#### The teacher plans opportunities for students to process language in the interpretive mode.

- a. The teacher selects strategies to ensure language input is comprehensible.
- b. The teacher selects resources that allow students to interpret, analyze, and interact with authentic materials.
- c. The teacher plans how to introduce and explain activities and concepts using the target language.
- d. The teacher plans to frequently check that students understand the message of written and spoken text.

PL7

# The teacher plans opportunities for students to produce language in the interpersonal and presentational modes.

- a. The teacher plans opportunities for students to produce language only after ensuring sufficient input in the interpretive mode.
- b. The teacher plans activities for students to produce language within the range of their proficiency targets.
- c. The teacher plans ways for students to reflect upon the language they produce and to refine linguistic output.

PL8

#### The teacher plans activities designed to keep all students engaged at all times.

- a. The teacher intentionally sequences activities in ways that maximize student learning.
- b. The teacher plans activities that are designed to engage student attention and interest.
- c. The teacher plans activities that involve students at different levels of cognitive engagement
- d. The teacher plans activities that allow for student choice.

